

rence which has taken place last night, and today without reckoning what more may follow, for the drunken row is not yet over.

I remain none the less with attachment,

Sir, your very humble and very obedient servant,

P. DU JAUNAY.

I shall not be able to say mass on the 4th December.

In the order of time, here follows a letter, dated at Michilimackinac, Aug. 16, 1763, signed Cardin—perhaps Cardinal; but the whole of the body of the letter, thirty-two lines, is entirely illegible. It is addressed to “Monsieur Langlade, pere, a la Baye”—thus showing that the senior Langlade was residing at Green Bay at that period, a fact worthy of preservation.

MICHILIMACKINAC, July 19, 1775.

Permission is hereby given Mr. De Langlade to proceed from hence to La Baie upon his lawful business with two canoes, with merchandise, and navigated by nine men.

A. S. DE PEYSTER,

*To all concerned.*

MICHILIMACKINAC, 18th April, 1777.

SIR: This is the first moment we can avail of. If I had been able would have sent sooner, for I flatter myself that Capt. Langlade on his part will not fail to seize the first opportunity. Mr. Lamothe arrived here on the 11th of this month, and brings us very good news, that General Howe, near New York, has gained two battles lately, and it is hoped the Americans are very much depressed, and have made overtures of accommodation. However, Gen. Carlton has determined to join Gen. Howe, early in the spring at Albany, in order to give a decisive blow, and teach them the respect due their King. If these, my children, wish to be of the party, they must not stand on ceremony; but come at once to Mackinac. I pray you not to wait for a great number, for I believe we will have too many volunteers here.